

Corporate Standard Technical Working Group

Subgroup 3, Meeting #5

GHG Protocol Secretariat team:

Allison Leach, Iain Hunt, Hande Baybar







Meeting information



This meeting is **recorded**.



Please use the Raise Hand function to speak during the call.



You can also use the **Chat** function in the main control.



Recording, slides, and meeting minutes will be shared after the call.

Agenda

Introduction and housekeeping 10 minutes

Feedback from full TWG: 30 minutes
Scope 3 requirement

Feedback from full TWG: 20 minutes

Differentiated scope 3 requirement

Differentiated scope 3 requirement: Definition 40 minutes

Differentiated scope 3 requirement: Operationalization 10 minutes

Wrap-up and next steps 10 minutes



GREENHOUSE GAS PROTOCOL





Agenda

Introduction and housekeeping

10 minutes

30 minutes

Feedback from full TWG:

Scope 3 requirement

Feedback from full TWG:

Differentiated scope 3 requirement

Differentiated scope 3 requirement: Definition 40 minutes

Differentiated scope 3 requirement: Operationalization

Wrap-up and next steps

20 minutes

10 minutes

10 minutes









Today's objectives

- 1. Review feedback from full TWG on a scope 3 reporting requirement
- 2. Finalize eligibility requirements for differentiated scope 3 reporting
- **3. Define** a differentiated scope 3 reporting requirement
- 4. Consider how a differentiated scope 3 reporting requirement should be operationalized

Today, we continue discussing and will hold indicative polls on defining and operationalizing a differentiated scope 3 reporting requirement in the Corporate Standard



Housekeeping: Guidelines and procedures

- We want to make **TWG meetings a safe space** our discussions should be open, honest, challenging status quo, and 'think out of the box' in order to get to the best possible results for GHG Protocol
- Always be respectful, despite controversial discussions on content
- TWG members should **not disclose any confidential information** of their employers, related to products, contracts, strategy, financials, compliance, etc.
- In TWG meetings, <u>Chatham House Rule</u> applies:
 - "When a meeting, or part thereof, is held under the Chatham House Rule, participants are free to use the information received, but neither the identity nor the affiliation of the speaker(s), nor that of any other participant, may be revealed."
- Compliance and integrity are key to maintaining credibility of the GHG Protocol
 - Specifically, all participants need to follow the conflict-of-interest policy
 - Anti-trust rules have to be followed; please avoid any discussion of competitively sensitive topics*



Zoom logistics and recording of meetings

Zoom Meetings

- All participants are muted upon entry
- Please turn on your video
- Please include your full name and company/organization in your Zoom display name





Meetings will be recorded and shared with all TWG members for:

- Facilitation of notetaking for Secretariat staff
- To assist TWG members who cannot attend the live meeting or otherwise want to review the discussions

Recordings will be available for a limited time after the meeting; access is restricted to TWG members only.



Housekeeping: Summary of general feedback form responses

21 responses have been received through our general feedback form – thank you! Overarching themes include:

- Feedback on the scope of work presented in the Standard Development Plan
- Feedback on specific topics discussed in TWG meetings (note: this feedback is integrated into TWG meeting materials)
- Feedback related to TWG process

The list of submissions and Secretariat responses are tracked in the Shared TWG Folder in the Admin sub-folder

Please continue using the **Microsoft Form** for all feedback and questions



Welcoming new members to Subgroup 3

Quick <30 second introductions:

- Name
- Location
- Organization
- Current role (and how it relates to use of the Corporate Standard)

Subgroup 3

- Tomoo Machiba, Zeroboard, Inc.
- Mamahloko Senatla, Kenmare Resources
- Max Sonnen, Ecomatters
- **Zi (Christiana) Wang**, JD Logistics



Upcoming schedule

February 18th, 2025

SG3 M4

 Refine/confirm outputs to date on phase 1 topics (objectives and principles)



March 4th, 2025

Full TWG M2

- Gather feedback from full TWG on SG3 outputs to date
- Review outputs from SG1 and SG2

TODAY:

April 1st, 2025

SG3 M5

- Revise outputs based on feedback from full TWG
- Submit outputs to ISB

April 29th, 2025

SG3 M6

- Finalize scope 3 reporting requirement
- Discuss justifiable exclusions

May 27th, 2025



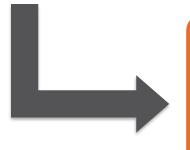
 Revise phase 1 outputs based on ISB feedback



ISB Meeting

 Present phase 1 outcomes supported by full TWG







Agenda

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Wrap-up and next steps 10 minutes



GREENHOUSE GAS PROTOCOL Should there be a scope 3 reporting requirement in the Corporate Standard? **Part 1:** 1B. **Yes.** 1A. **No.** Questions Adopt a scope 3 requirement in the Corporate Standard Maintain optionality #1-3 Scope 3 What should the scope 3 reporting requirement be? optionality is maintained 2B. All 2C. All in Corporate 2A. **All** relevant significant Standard 2D. Other scope 3 scope 3 scope 3 emissions emissions emissions Can the scope 3 reporting requirement be applied globally across all companies? 3B. **No.** 3A. **Yes.** All companies have the same Different scope 3 reporting requirements should be defined scope 3 reporting requirement A global scope 3 reporting The details will be considered requirement is defined in questions #4-6.

Scope 3 reporting shall be **required** in the Corporate Standard

All **significant** scope 3 emissions shall be required

"Significance" should be defined with a cumulative **5% exclusion threshold** relative to total scope 3 emissions

Scope 3 reporting should be **differentiated** and defined by GHG Protocol





External program update: SBTi draft standard

Draft Corporate Net-Zero Standard Version 2.0 Public consultation period is open



Exclusions

Frequency of scope 3 reporting

"Relevant" scope 3 emissions required

CURRENT STANDARD

Reporters may exclude up to 5% of emissions

Companies report their full scope 3 inventory annually

NA

DRAFT VERSION 2.0 No exclusions are permitted

Companies required to report:

- Relevant scope 3 emission sources annually
- Full scope 3 reporting every three years

Relevant scope 3 emissions sources include:

- Significant scope 3 categories representing 5% or more of total scope 3 emissions; and
- Emission-intensive activities representing 1% or more of total scope 3 emissions or at least 10,000 tCO2e/year.



Full TWG feedback: Scope 3 requirement



Scope 3 reporting shall be **required** in the Corporate Standard

Subgroup 3 indicative poll

Unanimous support for scope 3 reporting requirement in the Corporate Standard

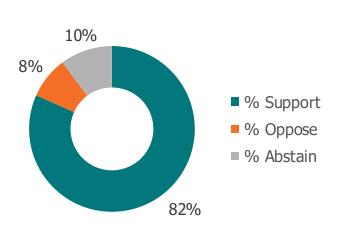
No - Maintain Corporate Standard optionality for scope 3 reporting (0/13) 0%

Yes - Adopt a scope 3 requirement in the Corporate Standard

(13/13) 100%

Full TWG indicative poll

Majority support for scope 3 reporting requirement in the Corporate Standard



49 responses

Full TWG Meeting #2

Subgroup 3 Meeting #1



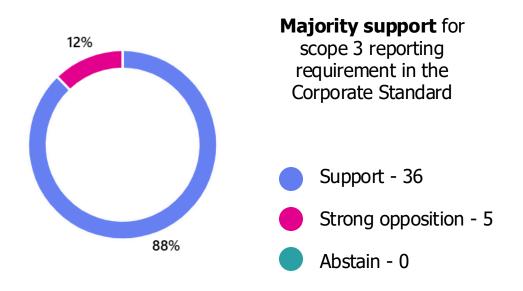
Full TWG feedback: Scope 3 requirement

41 responses



Scope 3 reporting shall be **required** in the Corporate Standard

Full TWG feedback survey



Strong opposition (5 responses)

Details	Count*
Feasibility and deterring voluntary reporters, especially in developing countries	4
Not the role of GHG Protocol to set this requirement	2
Interoperability with disclosure rules (e.g., phase-in)	2
Inconsistent with efforts to simplify reporting (SEC, CSRD)	1
Proposal for more prescriptive guidance for how the optionality of scope 3 should be applied	1
Concerns about double-counting	1

^{*}Count indicates how many respondents mentioned an issue. Respondents counted more than once if multiple issues raised.







Full TWG feedback: Defining scope 3 requirement



All **significant** scope 3 emissions shall be required

Subgroup 3 indicative poll

Majority support for all significant emissions

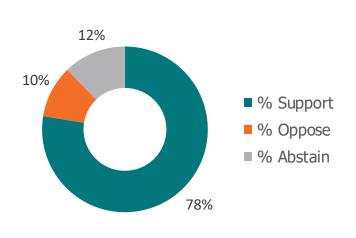
Subgroup 3

Meeting #2



Full TWG indicative poll

Majority support for all significant emissions



49 responses

Full TWG Meeting #2



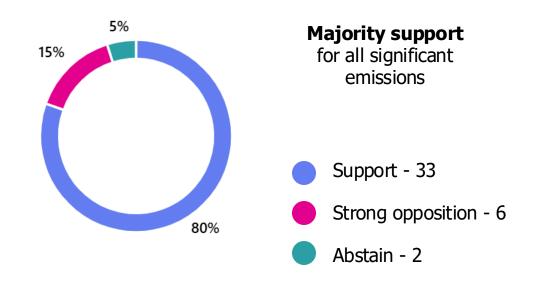
Full TWG feedback: Defining scope 3 requirement

41 responses



All **significant** scope 3 emissions shall be required

Full TWG feedback survey



Strong opposition (6 responses)

Topic	Details	Count
Opposed	Opposed to a scope 3 reporting requirement	2
to scope	Not the role of GHG Protocol to define a scope 3 requirement	1
	The use of "significant" does not align with the GHG accounting and reporting principles	1
Proposals	Proposes "material" scope 3 categories	1
	All emissions should be reported	1



Full TWG feedback: Defining "significant emissions"

2

"Significance" should be defined with a cumulative **5% exclusion threshold** relative to total scope 3 emissions

Subgroup 3 indicative poll

Majority support for 5% exclusion threshold

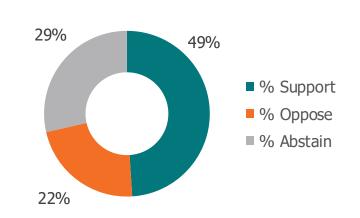
Yes, I support the cumulative scope 3 threshold with 5% exclusion	(13/15) 87%
Yes, but I think the % should be different	(2/15) 13%
No, I think it should be defined in a different way	(0/15) 0%
Abstain	(0/15) 0%

Subgroup 3 Meeting #2

Full TWG indicative poll

Split opinions for 5% exclusion threshold

This topic will be revisited at a future meeting



49 responses

Full TWG Meeting #2



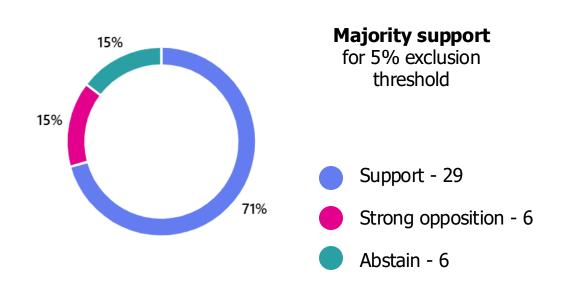
Full TWG feedback: Defining "significant emissions"

41 responses



"Significance" should be defined with a cumulative **5% exclusion threshold** relative to total scope 3 emissions

Full TWG feedback survey



Strong opposition (6 responses)

Details	Count*	
Difficult to achieve in practice since it requires estimation of 100% of emissions.	2	
Carefully consider terminology used (i.e., significant, relevant, material)	1	
Risks undercounting emissions	2	
Uncertainty is too high to set a threshold	1	
Should delay recommendation until after discussing base year changes, uncertainty, and justifiable exclusions.		

^{*}Count indicates how many respondents mentioned an issue. Some respondents counted more than once if multiple issues raised.





Recommendations for the ISB

Decision vote by the ISB in April



- 1
- Scope 3 reporting shall be **required** in the Corporate Standard

2 All **significant** scope 3 emissions shall be required

To be revisited at a later date in Subgroup 3:

Informational update for the ISB in April 1



"Significance" should be defined with a cumulative

5% exclusion threshold relative to total scope 3 emissions

Agenda

Introduction and housekeeping

30 minutes

10 minutes

Feedback from full TWG: Scope 3 requirement

Feedback from full TWG: Differentiated scope 3 requirement 20 minutes

Differentiated scope 3 requirement: Definition

40 minutes

Differentiated scope 3 requirement: Operationalization

10 minutes

Wrap-up and next steps

10 minutes





If different scope 3 reporting requirements are to be defined...

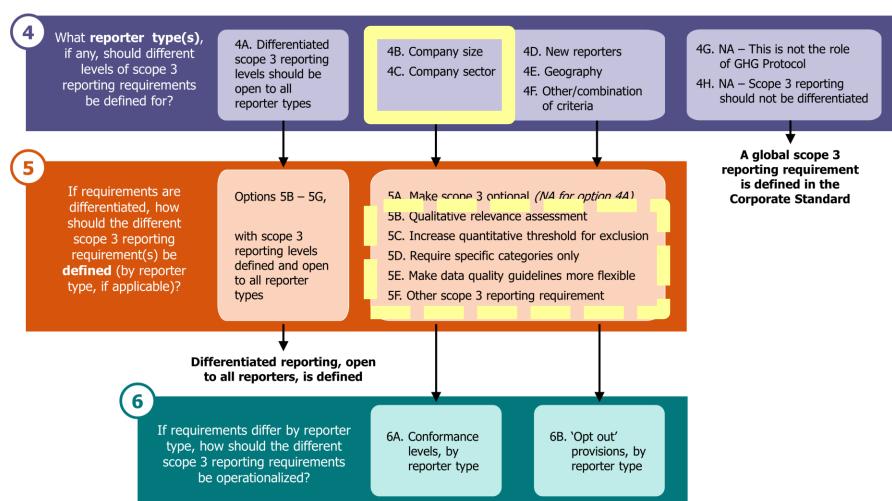
Part 2: Questions #4-6

Note: The

revised for

meeting #5

questions and options were



A differentiated scope 3 reporting pathway should be available for small companies, except for small companies in highemitting sectors

Recommendation TBD

Recommendation TBD



Full TWG feedback: Whether to differentiate scope 3 reporting

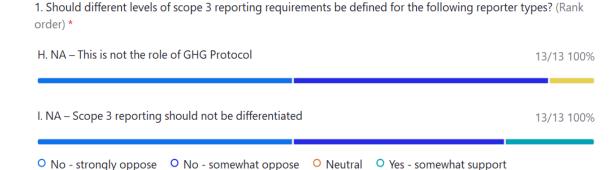
3

Yes - strongly supportAbstain

Scope 3 reporting should be differentiated and defined by GHG Protocol

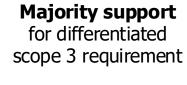
Subgroup 3 indicative poll

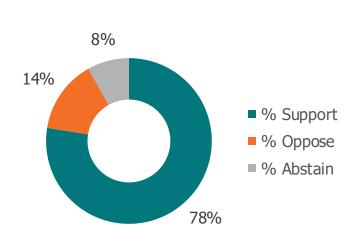
Majority support for differentiated scope 3 requirement



Subgroup 3 Meeting #3

Full TWG indicative poll





49 responses

Full TWG Meeting #2



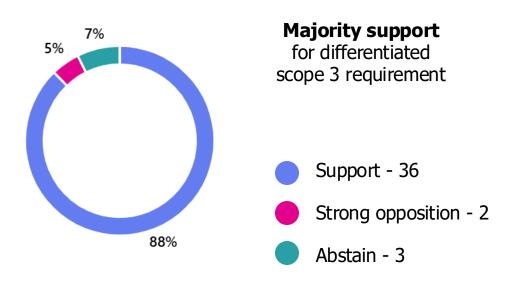
Full TWG feedback: Whether to differentiate scope 3 reporting

41 responses

3

Scope 3 reporting should be differentiated and defined by GHG Protocol

Full TWG feedback survey



Strong opposition (2 responses)

Details	Count*
It is not the role of GHG Protocol to define differentiated reporting; it should be done by regulation. Maintain the current approach (scope 3 voluntary in Corporate Standard).	2
A separate rule/standard will cause confusion . Opposed to a scope 3 reporting requirement.	1

^{*}Count indicates how many respondents mentioned an issue. Some respondents counted more than once if multiple issues raised.

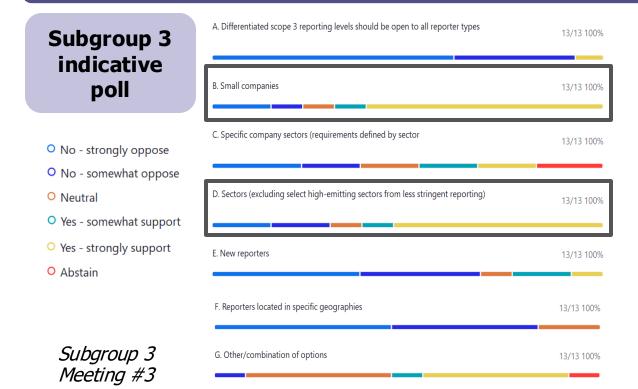




Full TWG feedback: Reporter types

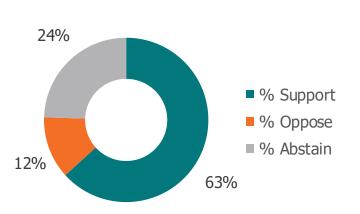
4

A differentiated scope 3 reporting pathway should be available for small companies, except for small companies in high-emitting sectors



Full TWG indicative poll

Majority support for limiting eligibility for the differentiated scope 3 reporting requirement to small companies, except for small companies from high-emitting sectors



49 responses

Full TWG Meeting #2



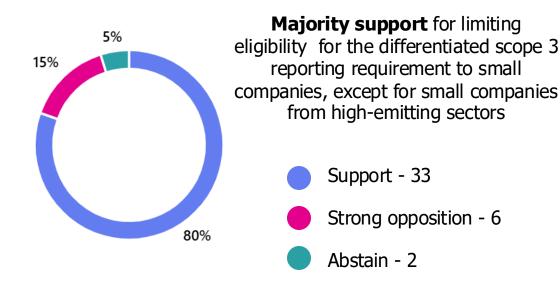
Full TWG feedback: Reporter types

41 responses



A differentiated scope 3 reporting pathway should be available for small companies, except for small companies in high-emitting sectors

Full TWG feedback survey



Strong opposition (6 responses)

Details	Count*
Not the role of GHG Protocol / opposed to scope 3 requirement	2
"Small companies" need to be defined .	3
Companies in developing countries should be included in the eligibility.	1
All companies generate emissions , and therefore no distinction should be made on company size.	1

^{*}Count indicates how many respondents mentioned an issue. Some respondents counted more than once if multiple issues raised.







Discussion: Reporter types



Discussion:

Reporter types and eligibility for differentiated scope 3 reporting **Goal** of the differentiated pathway

Mandatory disclosure programs

Eligibility criteria

- 1. To what extent do you agree with this overarching goal for a differentiated scope 3 reporting requirement?
 - Provide a more **feasible** scope 3 reporting option for companies with **lower capacity**
- 2. How should mandatory disclosure rules be addressed? Mandatory disclosers are usually required to report all scope 3 emissions. *Note: The two options could be applied together*
 - A general statement applying to all of GHG Protocol
 - Incorporate it into the **eligibility criteria** for differentiated reporting (e.g., voluntary reporters only)
- 3. Should these additional eligibility criteria be further considered?
 - **Emissions threshold** (for scope 1+2 OR scope 1+2+3)
 - Geography



Poll Questions



Poll questions on differentiated reporting and reporter types:

- 1. To what extent do you agree with this overarching goal for a differentiated scope 3 reporting requirement?
 - Provide a more feasible scope 3 reporting option for companies with lower capacity
- 2. How should mandatory disclosure rules be addressed? Note: The two options could be applied together
 - A general statement applying to all of GHG Protocol
 - Incorporate it into the eligibility criteria for differentiated reporting (e.g., voluntary reporters only)
- 3. Should these additional eligibility criteria be further considered for the differentiated scope 3 reporting requirement?
 - Emissions threshold (for scope 1+2 OR scope 1+2+3)
 - Geography



Recommendations for the ISB

Decision vote by the ISB in April



Scope 3 reporting should be **differentiated** and defined by GHG Protocol

To be revisited by Subgroup 3:

Informational update for the ISB in April



A differentiated scope 3 reporting pathway should be available for small companies, except for small companies in high-emitting sectors



Agenda

Introduction and housekeeping

10 minutes

Feedback from full TWG:

30 minutes

Scope 3 requirement

Feedback from full TWG:

Differentiated scope 3 requirement

20 minutes

Differentiated scope 3 requirement: Definition

40 minutes

Differentiated scope 3 requirement: Operationalization

10 minutes

Wrap-up and next steps

10 minutes

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Draft for TWG discussion



Question 5: Defining differentiated scope 3 reporting requirements

Two related questions to consider:

Question 5, Part 1:

Defining the requirement

If requirements are differentiated for small companies, how should the different scope 3 reporting requirement be defined?

Question 5, Part 2:

Temporary or permanent option

Should a differentiated scope 3 reporting pathway be a temporary or permanent option?





Discussion: What is the purpose of a less stringent differentiated scope 3 reporting requirement?

Which of the following purposes should we <u>prioritize</u>?

- 1. Internal decision-making*
- 2. Provision of data to value chain partners
- 3. Temporary ramp-up to complete scope 3
- 4. Public reporting
- 5. Others?

Which of the following stakeholders should we <u>prioritize</u>?

- **1. The preparers** (i.e., feasibility)
- **2. Users of the data** (e.g., internal or external stakeholders)

While we are evaluating options, please consider: Is it fit for purpose?



Poll Questions



Poll questions on prioritized purposes and stakeholders:

- 1. Which of the following purposes should be prioritized for a differentiated scope 3 reporting requirement? [Highest priority to Lowest priority]
 - a. Internal decision-making
 - b. Provision of data to value chain partners
 - c. Temporary ramp-up to complete scope 3
 - d. Public reporting
 - e. Other
- 2. Which of the following stakeholders should be prioritized for a differentiated scope 3 reporting requirement? [Pick one]
 - a. The preparers (i.e., feasibility)
 - b. Users of the data (e.g., internal or external stakeholders)

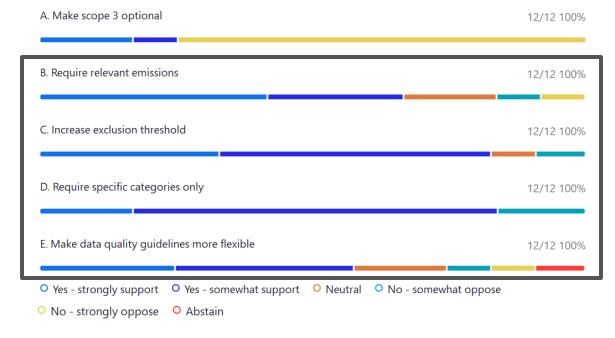


Full TWG feedback: Defining differentiated scope 3 reporting

40 responses

Subgroup 3 indicative poll

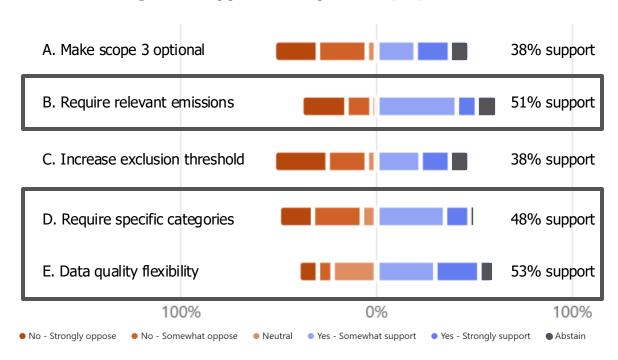
Majority support for options B, C, D, and E



Subgroup 3 Meeting #4

Full TWG indicative poll

Highest support for options B, D, and E



Full TWG Meeting #2 feedback survey





Question 5: Revised options

Revised options combine the following two components:

Question 5, Part 1:

Defining the requirement

Question 5, Part 2:

Temporary or permanent option

Revised options include proposals from the Secretariat and from Subgroup 3 members



Question 5: Revised options for defining differentiated scope 3 reporting requirement

	Option name	Prioritized purpose	Description	Temporary or permanent
1	Optional scope 3	Temporary ramp-up	Make scope 3 optional	Temporary
2	Any scope 3	Temporary ramp-up	Require any scope 3The details are up to the reporter	Temporary
3	Any 3 categories*	Internal decision- making	 Require any 3* scope 3 categories Companies can choose top 3, with justification Allow 5% exclusion within reported categories 	Temporary
4	Relevant 3 categories*	Internal decision- making	 Require most relevant 3* scope 3 categories Require relevance assessment to identify top 3 categories Allow 5% exclusion within reported categories 	Permanent
5	Supplier inventory	Provision of data to value chain partners	Upstream categories only (#1-8) for customers to calculate supplier- specific emission factors	Permanent
6	Data quality**	Internal decision- making	 Preliminary: Scope 3 uncertainty assessment is optional Preliminary: Scope 3 requirements for data improvement are optional 	Permanent
	•••		•••	

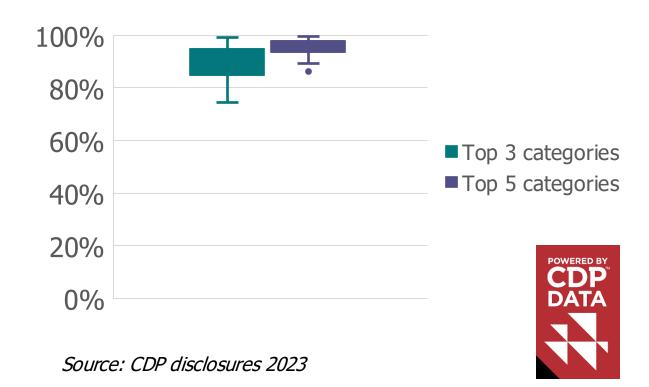
^{*}How many categories should be required in options 3 and 4?

^{**}Can be added to any other option. Details pending outcomes from Scope 3 TWG on data quality



Why top 3 categories? CDP data analysis

Sum of top scope 3 categories*, relative to total scope 3 emissions



By reporting the **top 3 categories**, most companies will report >88% scope 3 emissions*

By reporting the **top 5 categories**, most companies will report >95% scope 3 emissions*

Note: This analysis uses CDP disclosures, which are known to be incomplete. Most companies in the data set are large companies.



Decision-making criteria: Defining a differentiated scope 3 reporting requirement

Criteria	1. Optional scope 3	2. Any scope 3	3. Any 3 categories	4. Relevant 3 categories	5. Supplier inventory
Scientific integrity	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
GHG accounting and reporting principles	Cons: Significantly hinders relevance, completeness	Cons: Significantly hinders relevance, completeness	Cons: Hinders relevance, completeness	Pros: Improved relevance, completeness	Cons: Could hinder relevance, completeness if largest emissions are not in categories #1-8
Support decision- making that drives ambitious global climate action	Cons: Significantly hinders decision-making due to very limited scope 3 emissions	Cons: Significantly hinders decision-making due to very limited scope 3 emissions	Pros: Somewhat supports decision-making with scope 3 categories selected by the reporter (depending on categories)	Pros : Supports decision-making with most relevant scope 3 categories	Cons: Largest emissions may not be in categories #1-8, hindering internal decision-making
Support programs based on GHG Protocol and uses of GHG data	Cons: Not interoperable with external programs that require scope 3 No support to users of the data	Cons: Not interoperable with external programs that require scope 3 Minimal support to users of the data	Cons: Not interoperable with external programs that require scope 3 Minimal support to users of the data	Pros: Somewhat interoperable with programs that require relevant scope 3 emissions Supports users with relevant scope 3 emissions	Pros: Supports value chain partners Cons: Not interoperable with external programs that require scope 3
Feasibility to implement	Pros : Maximizes feasibility	Pros: Strongly promotes feasibility	Pros: Promotes feasibility	Cons : Relevance assessment could be a burden for some reporters	Cons : Categories #1-8 could be a burden for some reporters



Question 5: Revised options for defining differentiated scope 3 reporting requirement Subgroup 3 member proposals

Number	Proposal name	Description
Proposal 1	Indicative Scope 3 Assessment	 Companies report standardized indicators for scope 3 emissions Examples: Spend by key categories, employee count, total sales Pre-defined emissions calculation logic would be applied to the indicators
Proposal 2	Combined Approach for Differentiated Scope 3 Reporting Requirements for Small Companies	 Two different levels based on emissions threshold: Scope 3 optional for very low emissions Key scope 3 categories for companies above emissions threshold Flexible data quality requirements Phased approach based on growth, such as: Phase 1: Most significant categories only Phase 2: Additional categories Phase 3: Complete scope 3





Full group discussion

- **1. Which option** do you prefer for small companies, excluding high-emitting sectors?
- 2. Which option(s) best aligns with the **prioritized purpose(s)** discussed earlier?

Question 5, Part 1:

Defining the requirement

- 1. Optional scope 3
- 2. Any scope 3
- 3. Any 3 categories
- 4. Relevant 3 categories
- 5. Supplier inventory (cat. #1-8 only)
- 6. Data quality*
- 7. Proposal 1: Indicators
- 8. Proposal 2: Levels + key categories + phased

Question 5, Part 2:

Temporary or permanent option

- a. Temporary ramp-up to complete reporting
- b. Permanent option for eligible reporters



Poll Questions



Poll questions on defining a differentiated scope 3 reporting requirement:

- 1. If requirements are differentiated for small companies, how should the different scope 3 reporting requirement be defined? [No strongly oppose TO Yes strongly support]
 - a. Optional scope 3
 - b. Any scope 3
 - c. Any 3 categories
 - d. Relevant 3 categories
 - e. Supplier inventory (cat. #1-8 only)
 - f. Data quality
 - g. Proposal 1: Indicators
 - h. Proposal 2: Levels + key categories + phased
- 2. Should a differentiated scope 3 reporting pathway be a temporary or permanent option?
 - a. Temporary ramp-up to complete reporting
 - b. Permanent option for eligible reporters
 - c. Abstain

Agenda

Introduction and housekeeping

Feedback from full TWG: Scope 3 requirement

Feedback from full TWG: Differentiated scope 3 requirement

Differentiated scope 3 requirement: Definition

Differentiated scope 3 requirement: Operationalization

Wrap-up and next steps

10 minutes

30 minutes

20 minutes

40 minutes

10 minutes

10 minutes



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Question 6: How to operationalize differentiated scope 3 reporting

6

If requirements differ by reporter type, how should the different scope 3 reporting requirements be operationalized?

6A. Conformance levels, by reporter type

6B. 'Opt out'
provisions, by
reporter type



Question 6: The options

	Option name	Defining the option	Pros	Cons
A	Conformance levels	 Two conformance levels would be defined: Complete scope 3 reporting Less stringent scope 3 reporting pathway for small companies 	Clearly defined conformance levels could promote transparency	Could disincentivize more complete reporting Could lead to stakeholder confusion, especially if it leads to misalignment within GHG Protocol
В	'Opt out' provisions	A global scope 3 requirement would be maintained An 'opt out' provision would be defined, only for small companies, with high-emitting sectors excluded	More interoperable with external programs Could incentivize more complete reporting	Somewhat hinders transparency and comparability, if disclosures are not clear
	•••			





Poll Question



Poll question on operationalizing a differentiated scope 3 reporting requirement:

- 1. If requirements are differentiated for small companies, how should the different scope 3 reporting requirement be operationalized?
 - a. Conformance levels, defined by reporter type
 - b. Opt out provisions, defined by reporter type
 - c. Other
 - d. Abstain

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10 minutes

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Differentiated scope 3 requirement

Differentiated scope 3 requirement: Definition

40 minutes

Differentiated scope 3 requirement: Operationalization

10 minutes

Wrap-up and next steps

10 minutes





Upcoming schedule (tentative)

February 18th, 2025

SG3 M4

 Refine/confirm outputs to date on phase 1 topics (objectives and principles)



March 4th, 2025

Full TWG M2

- Gather feedback from full TWG on SG3 outputs to date
- Review outputs from SG1 and SG2

TODAY:

April 1st, 2025

SG3 M5

- Revise outputs based on feedback from full TWG
- Submit outputs to ISB



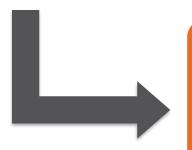
SG3 M6

- Finalize scope 3 reporting requirement
- Discuss justifiable exclusions



SG3 M7

 Revise phase 1 outputs based on ISB feedback



April 28th, 2025

ISB Meeting

 Present phase 1 outcomes supported by full TWG







Looking forward



TODAY: Subgroup 3 Meeting 5

April 1, 2025

- Revise recommendations based on feedback from Full CS TWG
- Continue discussing differentiated scope 3 reporting requirement

NEXT: Subgroup 3 Meeting 6

April 29, 2025

- Begin discussing justifiable exclusions
- Preliminary feedback from ISB on scope 3 reporting requirement, if ready

Subgroup 3 Meeting 7

May 27, 2025*

- Phase 2!
- Data quality requirements and additional guidance related to the use of proxies or estimates
- Data quality hierarchy

^{*}May meeting date was updated. Revised 2025 meeting dates to be shared.



Next steps

Next Subgroup 3 meeting is scheduled for **Tuesday, April 29th, 2025**

Items to be shared by GHG Protocol Secretariat:

- Final slides, minutes, and recording from this meeting
- Feedback survey on defining a differentiated scope 3 reporting requirement and operationalizing the requirement

TWG member action items:

Review meeting materials

 Fill out post-meeting feedback survey by EOD Sunday April 13th



Thank you!

Allison (Alley) Leach, allison.leach@wri.org

Iain Hunt, iain.hunt@wri.org

Hande Baybar, <u>baybar@wbcsd.org</u>



Appendix









GHG Protocol context – Scope 3 accounting requirements

Current language in the Scope 3 Standard

"Companies **shall** account for **all** scope 3 emissions and disclose and justify any exclusions.

Companies **shall** account for emissions from each scope 3 category according to the **minimum boundaries** provided in Table 5.4.

Companies may include emissions from optional activities within each category.

Companies **may exclude** scope 3 activities from the inventory, provided that any exclusion is disclosed and justified."

Key points:

- All companies have the same requirements
- Justifiable exclusions give companies a pathway to exclude emissions



External programs: Defining differentiated requirements

	Name	Туре	How the requirement is differentiated	What the differentiated requirement is
■ ®IIFRS'	IFRS S2	Climate disclosure mandate	Open to all companies Transition relief is for new reporters	IFRS proportionality and impracticability clause 1 year transition relief for reporting scope 3 emissions
0	ESRS E1	Climate disclosure mandate	Small companies (<750 employees) that are new reporters	Scope 3 reporting is optional for first year of preparation of their sustainability statement
	US SEC	Climate disclosure mandate	Company size, based on market value	All emissions disclosure is optional for small companies (Smaller Reporting Companies, Emerging Growth Companies)
CARB	California CA SB 253, 219	Climate disclosure mandate	NA - Not yet written	NA - Not yet written
CDP	CDP	Voluntary reporting program	SMEs , defined based on headcount and annual revenue	Unique SME question naire that is simplified and streamlined
SCI=NCE BASED TARGETS	SBTi	Target-setting initiative	SMEs, defined with multiple criteria	SME target-setting pathway, where scope 3 target is optional
ISO	ISO 14064-1:2018	GHG Standard	NA	NA
GRI	GRI	Climate Reporting Standard	NA	NA



Question 5: Options 3, 4, and 5: Require specific categories only

Upstream or downstream

Upstream scope 3 emissions

Downstream scope 3 emissions

Scope 3 category

- 1. Purchased goods and services
- **2.** Capital goods
- **3.** Fuel- and energy-related activities (not included in scope 1 or scope 2)
- **4.** Upstream transportation and distribution
- 5. Waste generated in operations
- **6.** Business travel
- **7.** Employee commuting
- **8.** Upstream leased assets
- 9. Downstream transportation and distribution
- **10.** Processing of sold products
- **11.** Use of sold products
- **12.** End-of-life treatment of sold products
- **13.** Downstream leased assets
- **14.** Franchises
- **15.** Investments

Option 3: Any 3 categories

Option 4: Relevant 3 categories

Option 5: Supplier inventory (i.e., categories #1-8)